§71.3 [Reserved]

§71.5 Reporting points.

The reporting points listed in subpart H of FAA Order 7400.9M (incorporated by reference, see §71.1) consist of geographic locations at which the position of an aircraft must be reported in accordance with part 91 of this chapter.

[Amdt. 71–14, 56 FR 65654, Dec. 17, 1991, as amended by Amdt. 71–20, 58 FR 36299, July 6, 1993; Amdt. 71–23, 59 FR 43035, Aug. 22, 1994; Amdt. 71–26, 60 FR 47267, Sept. 12, 1995; Amdt. 71–28, 61 FR 48404, Sept. 13, 1996; Amdt. 71–29, 62 FR 52492, Oct. 8, 1997; Amdt. 71–30, 63 FR 50140, Sept. 21, 1998; Amdt. 71–31, 64 FR 50444, Sept. 17, 1999; Amdt. 71–32, 65 FR 56467, Sept. 19, 2000; Amdt. 71–33, 66 FR 48793, Sept. 24, 2001; Amdt. 71–34, 67 FR 61259, Sept. 30, 2002; Amdt. 71–35, 68 FR 54329, Sept. 17, 2003; Amdt. 71–36, 69 FR 54001, Sept. 7, 2004]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: By Amdt. 71–36, 69 FR 54001, Sept. 7, 2004, \$71.5 was amended by removing the words "FAA Order 7400.9L" and adding, in their place, the words "FAA Order 7400.9M", effective Sept. 16, 2004, through Sept. 15, 2005.

§71.7 Bearings, radials, and mileages.

All bearings and radials in this part are true and are applied from point of origin and all mileages in this part are stated as nautical miles.

§ 71.9 Overlapping airspace designations.

- (a) When overlapping airspace designations apply to the same airspace, the operating rules associated with the more restrictive airspace designation apply.
 - (b) For the purpose of this section—
- (1) Class A airspace is more restrictive than Class B, Class C, Class D, Class E, or Class G airspace;
- (2) Class B airspace is more restrictive than Class C, Class D, Class E, or Class G airspace;
- (3) Class C airspace is more restrictive than Class D, Class E, or Class G airspace;
- (4) Class D airspace is more restrictive than Class E or Class G airspace; and
- (5) Class E is more restrictive than Class G airspace.

§ 71.11 Air Traffic Service (ATS)

Unless otherwise specified, the following apply:

- (a) An Air Traffic Service (ATS) route is based on a centerline that extends from one navigation aid, fix, or intersection, to another navigation aid, fix, or intersection (or through several navigation aids, fixes, or intersections) specified for that route.
- (b) ATS routes include the primary protected airspace dimensions defined in FAA Order 8260.3, "United States Standard For Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPS)." Order 8260.3 is incorporated by reference in §97.20 of this chapter.
- (c) An ATS route does not include the airspace of a prohibited area.

[Doc. No. FAA-2003-14698, 68 FR 16947, Apr. 8, 2003]

§ 71.13 Classification of Air Traffic Service (ATS) routes.

Unless otherwise specified, ATS routes are classified as follows:

- (a) In subpart A of this part:
- (1) Jet routes.
- (2) Area navigation (RNAV) routes.
- (b) In subpart E of this part:
- (1) VOR Federal airways.
- (2) Colored Federal airways.
- (i) Green Federal airways.
- (ii) Amber Federal airways.
- (iii) Red Federal airways.
- (iv) Blue Federal airways.
- (3) Area navigation (RNAV) routes.

[Doc. No. FAA-2003-14698, 68 FR 16947, Apr. 8, 2003]

§71.15 Designation of jet routes and VOR Federal airways.

Unless otherwise specified, the place names appearing in the descriptions of airspace areas designated as jet routes in subpart A of FAA Order 7400.9, and as VOR Federal airways in subpart E of FAA Order 7400.9, are the names of VOR or VORTAC navigation aids. FAA Order 7400.9 is incorporated by reference in §71.1.

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